



K-NN accelerator (MPI+OpenCL+MEX)

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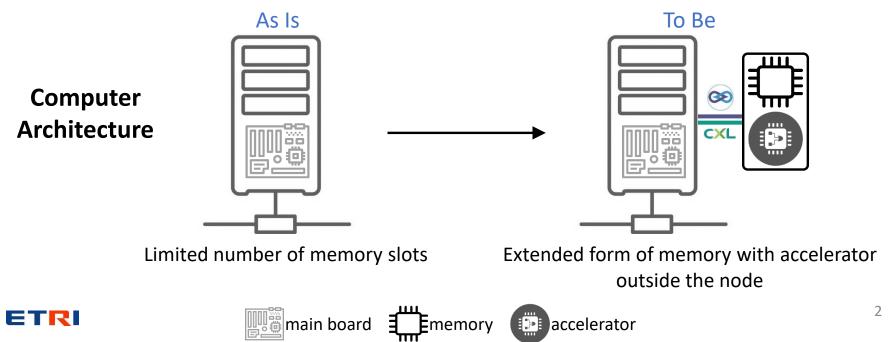
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Background & Motivation

- Data-intensive applications
 - Definition
 - ✓ Data analysis and AI applications that increase the performance and accuracy by using large-scale data in HPC fields
 - Examples

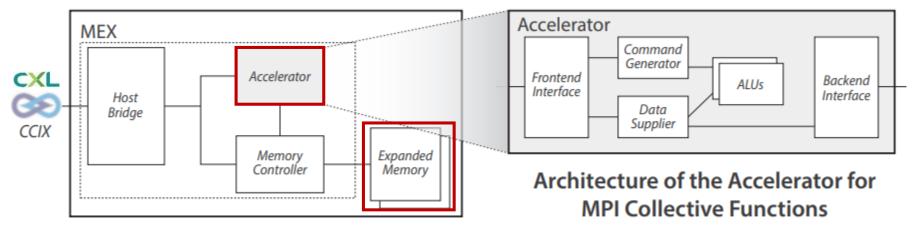
✓ Weather forecasting, protein structure analysis, autonomous driving, digital twin, etc.

- Requirements
 - ✓ need a large memory and accelerators for the fast parallel processing of big data



Memory Expander (MEX)

- An on-board device that provides
 - additional memory capacity
 - acceleration capabilities to enhance the performance of parallel processing workload
 - ✓ by offloading specific MPI collective APIs such as MPI-Reduce and MPI-AllReduce to MEX [1]
 - Connected to the host server using CCIX/ CXL



Simplified MEX Architecture

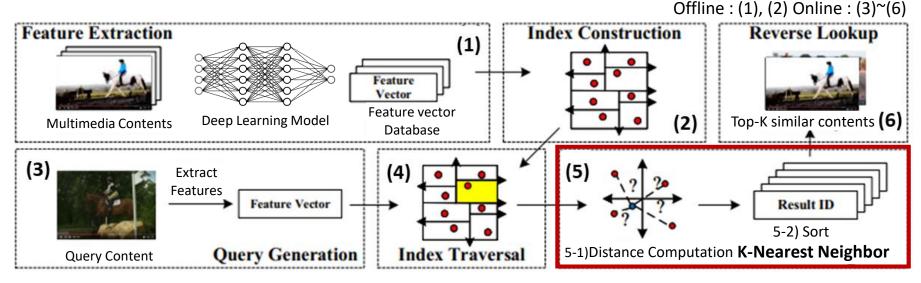
MEX usecase | Similarity Search

Definition

• The task of retrieving items that are similar to a given query

Applications

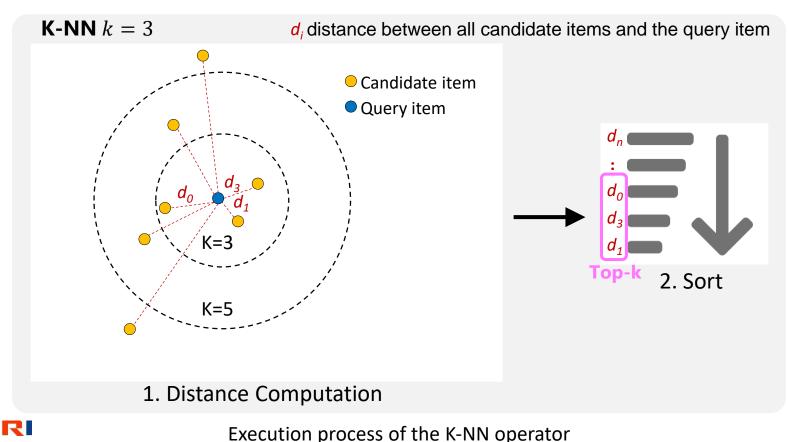
- Content-based image search of 3D models [2]
- Natural Language Processing [3]
- Genome Analysis [4]
- Graph mining [5]
- Molecular Similarity Search [6]



Overall flow of the similarity search in Multimedia Database [7]

MEX usecase | K-NN in Similarity Search

- K-NN is an operator to find the k items closest to a given query [8]
- Makes a large workload by
 - computing the distance between all candidate items and the query item
 - sorting the set of distances



MEX usecase | K-NN in Similarity Search

- K-NN satisfies the offloading suitability^{*} well
 - Distance computation
 - ✓ Computation between multi-dim. vectors can benefit from massive parallelism
 - \rightarrow It is the Computation Intensive task
 - Sort
 - ✓ Needs additional memory to store the intermediate sort results

 \rightarrow It is the Memory Intensive task

✓ Parallel sort is faster than serial sort for large datasets

 \rightarrow It is the Computation Intensive task

We decide to offload the K-NN operator to MEX

*Offloading Suitability for MEX

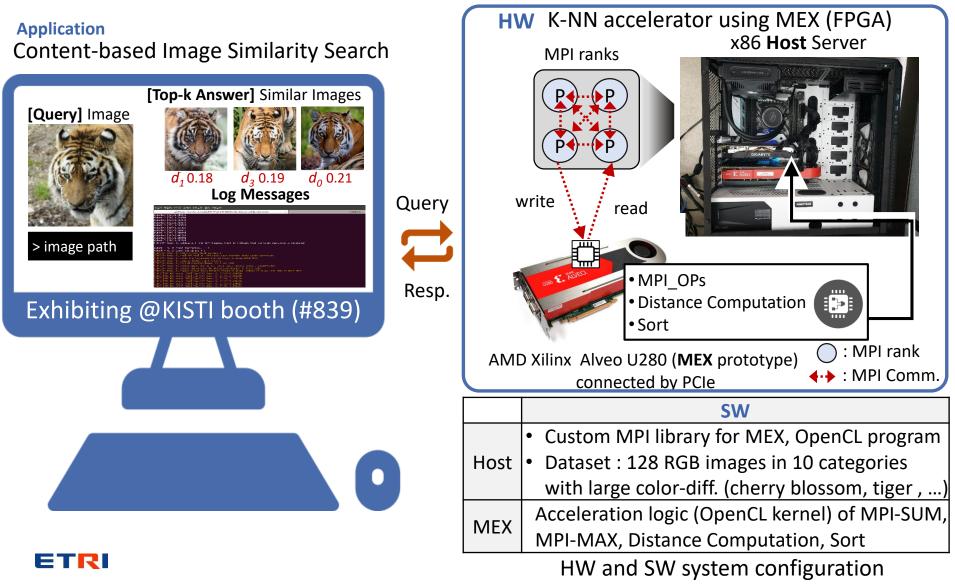
- The large offloading suitability means that there is much room for performance improvement by using the additional memory capacity and accelerator provided by MEX
- That is, the more **computation intensive** and **memory intensive** tasks, the greater the offloading suitability

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K-NN accelerator | Demonstration

• K-NN accelerator is a device that accelerates MPI-based K-NN using MEX

accelerator



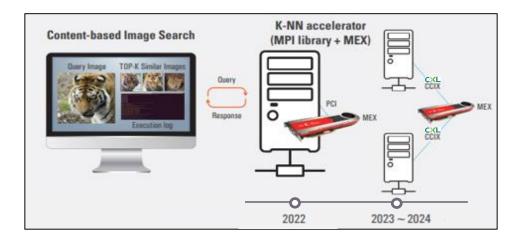
K-NN accelerator | Development Environment

Host Server

- CPU : Intel(R) Core(TM) i9-9900X CPU @ 3.50GHz
- Main Memory : 64 GB
- OS : Ubuntu 18.04.6 LTS
- Libraries : MVAPICH2 version 2.3.7, OpenCV 4.6.0
- FPGA (MEX prototype)
 - AMD Xilinx[®] Alveo[™] U280 Data Center accelerator cards
 - Memory : 32GB DRAM, 8GB HBM
 - Logic Resources : 1,079,000 (Look-up Tables)
- SW Development Kit
 - Xilinx Vitis[™] Unified Software Platform
 - Host program : C++ with OpenCL API, g++ compiler
 - FPGA kernels : OpenCL, v++ compiler

K-NN accelerator | Future Work

- Final Goal
 - Enhance the performance of MPI K-NN by reducing the amount of data transfer among MPI ranks using MEX
 - ✓ by using MEX as a **communication buffer for MPI ranks** in multi-node system



- Development plans (2023~2024)
 - Support multi-node systems
 - Proprietary MEX API for the performance improvement
 - Change PCIe to CCIX/CXL interface
 - Optimized MVAPICH library for MEX

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Reference

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Thank You!